

10.1 Sequence & Series Intro

Essential Question:

How do I find any term of a sequence or the sum of a series?

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ex 1. 1 2 3 4 5
 $1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13$
 $+2, +2, +2, +2$
 $n^{\text{th}} \text{ term} \rightarrow \text{formula}$
 $a_n = 2n - 1$
 \uparrow \uparrow
 $n^{\text{th}} \text{ term}$ term \#

ex 2. Find the first 4 terms and the 100th term.

a. $a_n = \frac{1}{2^n}$
 $a_1 = \frac{1}{2^1} = \frac{1}{2}$ $a_3 = \frac{1}{2^3} = \frac{1}{8}$ $a_{100} = \frac{1}{2^{100}}$
 $a_2 = \frac{1}{2^2} = \frac{1}{4}$ $a_4 = \frac{1}{2^4} = \frac{1}{16}$

b. $a_n = (-1)^n$ $a_1 = (-1)^1 = -1$ $a_2 = (-1)^2 = 1$ $a_3 = (-1)^3 = -1$ $a_4 = (-1)^4 = 1$
 ★ Alternating

c. $a_n = (-1)^{n+1}$ $a_1 = (-1)^{1+1} = 1$ $a_2 = (-1)^{2+1} = -1$ $a_3 = (-1)^{3+1} = 1$ $a_4 = (-1)^{4+1} = -1$...
 $(-1)^2 = 1$

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Recursive Sequence defined by the previous term

ex 3. $a_n = \boxed{a_{n-1}} + 3$ $\boxed{a_1 = 1}$ ← first term
 ↑ previous term

$$a_2 = a_{2-1} + 3 = a_1 + 3 = 1 + 3 = \boxed{4}$$

$$a_3 = a_{3-1} + 3 = a_2 + 3 = 4 + 3 = \boxed{7}$$

$$a_4 = a_3 + 3 = 7 + 3 = \boxed{10}$$

Fibonacci
 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8...
 $a_1 = 1$ $a_2 = 1$
 $a_n = a_{n-2} + a_{n-1}$

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Partial Sum of Sequence

S_n = sum of first n terms

ex 4. Find S_1 , S_2 , & S_3 for $a_n = 2n+3$

$$S_1 = a_1 = 2(1) + 3 = 5$$

$$S_2 = a_1 + a_2 = 5 + 7 = 12$$

$$S_3 = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 5 + 7 + 9 = 21$$

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Series & Summation Notation

Adding up sequence

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i$$

ending term (points to n)
 starting term (points to $i=1$)
 sequence formula (points to a_i)

ex 5. $\sum_{x=4}^{10} 2x =$
 $2(4) + 2(5) + 2(6) + 2(7) + 2(8) + 2(9) + 2(10)$

ex. 6 $\sum_{i=3}^5 i^2 + 2$
 $= (3^2 + 2) + (4^2 + 2) + (5^2 + 2)$
 $= 11 + 18 + 27 = 56$

ex 7. Write in sigma notation $3^3 + 3^4 + 3^5 + \dots + 3^{20}$

1. Find sequence formula
2. Find starting #
3. Find ending #

$$\sum_{n=3}^{20} 3^n$$

OR

$$\sum_{n=1}^{18} 3^{n+2}$$