

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

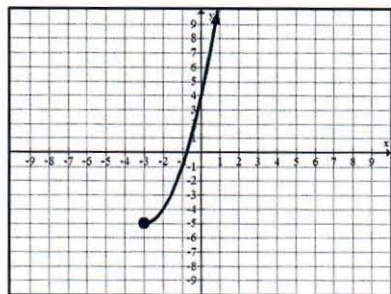
CBA 1 Review

★ may use calculator on all questions ★

1. List the domain and range of each of the following parent functions.

- I. $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ D: $[0, \infty)$ R: $[0, \infty)$
 II. $f(x) = x^3$ D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$
 III. $f(x) = \log x$ D: $(0, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$
 IV. $f(x) = 2^x$ D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(0, \infty)$

2. The graph of $f(x)$ is shown below. What is the range of $f^{-1}(x)$ and how does it compare to the domain of $f(x)$?



Range of $f^{-1}(x)$ $[-3, \infty)$

The range of $f^{-1}(x)$ is the domain of $f(x)$.

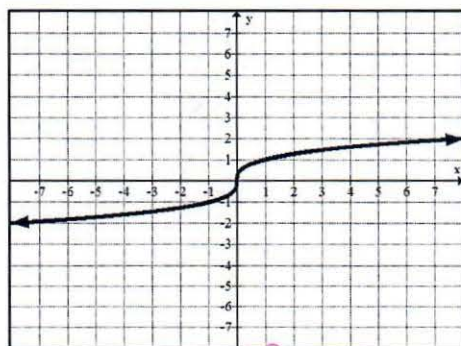
3. Circle ALL of the true statements below.

- I. $y = x$ is an odd function because it is symmetric about the y-axis.
 II. $y = x^2$ is an odd function because it is symmetric about the origin.
 III. $y = x^3$ is an odd function because it is symmetric about the origin.
 IV. $y = |x|$ is an even function because it is symmetric about the y-axis.

4. The cost of the salt used to fill up the salt shakers on the tables in a restaurant is given by the function $f(x) = 8x - 2$, where x represents the number of quarts of salt used and $f(x)$ represents the cost. If

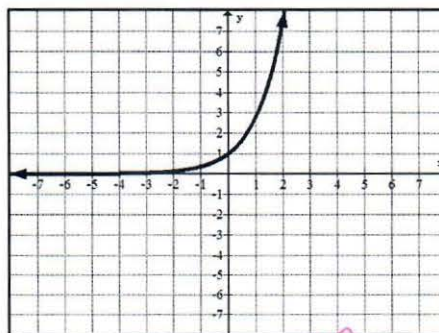
$f(5a) = 90$, what is the value of a ? $a = 2.3$
 $90 = 8(5a) - 2$

5. Find the end behavior for each of the graphs.



As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow 2$

As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow -1$

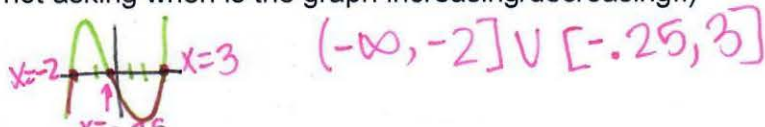


As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow \infty$

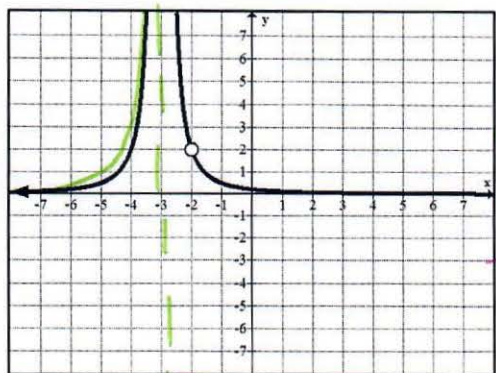
As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow 0$

6. Given the function, $f(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 25x - 6$, on what intervals is $f(x) \leq 0$? (Be careful - this question is not asking when is the graph increasing/decreasing!!)

negative (below x-axis)



7. The graph of a rational function is shown below. Circle all of the key attributes that correctly describe the rational function.



- I. The function is increasing on the interval $(-\infty, -3)$ ✓
- II. The domain is $(0, \infty)$ (the range is!) ✗
- III. The function has vertical asymptotes at $x = -3$. ✓
- IV. The function has a horizontal asymptote at $y = 2$ ($y=0$) ✓
- V. The function has a removable discontinuity at $x = -2$. ✓

8. The volume of a box can be found with the function V , where x is the length of the shorted edge of the box.

$$V(x) = 8x^3 + 32x^2 + 30x$$

What is the length of the shortest edge of the box if it has a volume of 11500 cubic units?

$V(x) = 11500$ use calculator (TABLE) $x = 10$

9. List the transformations of the function $-0.3f(x+4) - 5$, when $f(x) = x^7$.

Vertical shift: down 5

Horizontal shift: left 4

Vertical

stretch/compression: of 0.3 (scale factor)

Horizontal

stretch/compression: none

Reflections: over x-axis

10. Graph the function $f(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 25x - 6$ in your calculator. Circle the statements that are **not** true about the graph.

I. The function has a zero at $(-3, 0)$ (positive 3) ✓

II. The function has a zero at $(-2, 0)$ true ✗

III. The function is increasing on $(0, \infty)$ increasing $(-\infty, -1.215) \cup (1.715, \infty)$ ✗

IV. The function has a domain of all real numbers. true ✗

V. The function has one complex root. 3 roots possible → all visible! ✗

6. Given the function $g(x) = (2x+1)^2 - 4$ and $g(x) = f(h(x))$, which pair of functions could represent $f(x)$ and $h(x)$?

I. $f(x) = x - 4$ and $h(x) = (2x+1)^2$ ✗

II. $f(x) = x^2 - 4$ and $h(x) = 2x+1$ ✓

III. $f(x) = x - 4$ and $h(x) = x^2 - 4$ ✗

I. $f((2x+1)^2) = (2x+1)^2 - 4 = g(x)$ ☺

II. $f(2x+1) = (2x+1)^2 - 4 = g(x)$ ☺

III. $f(x^2-4) = (x^2-4) - 4 = x^2 - 8$ ☹

11. The population of a town from 2010 to 2015 can be represented using the function

$f(x) = .35x^4 + 3.1x^3 + 250.5x^2 - 1100x + 15000$, where x represents the number of years since 2010.

Approximately when will the population reach 70,000?

$x = 14$

2010 + 14

- A. About 2011
- B. About 2020

- C. About 2024
- D. About 2015

use calculator, when does $y = 70000$?