

5.3 Odd/even, cofunction, and sum & difference properties

essential question:

How do I use trig properties to simplify expressions & prove identities?

Odd/Even

$$\begin{array}{ll} \sin(-x) = -\sin x & (\text{odd}) \\ \cos(-x) = \cos x & (\text{even}) \\ \tan(-x) = -\tan x & (\text{odd}) \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{ll} \csc(-x) = -\csc x & (\text{odd}) \\ \sec(-x) = \sec x & (\text{even}) \\ \cot(-x) = -\cot x & (\text{odd}) \end{array}$$

Cofunction

$$\begin{array}{ll} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cos x & \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sin x \\ \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cot x & \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \tan x \\ \sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \csc x & \csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sec x \end{array}$$

Composite Argument (Sum and Difference)

$$\begin{array}{ll} \cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B & \cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B \\ \sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B & \sin(A-B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B \\ \tan(A+B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B} & \tan(A-B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B} \end{array}$$

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Odd/even PROPERTY

EVEN

$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

cos sec

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(-2) &= 4 \\ f(2) &= 4 \end{aligned} \quad \text{Same!}$$

$$\cos(-30^\circ) = \cos 30^\circ$$



ODD

$$f(-x) = -f(x)$$

sin tan
csc cot

$$\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

Odd-Even

$\sin(-x) = -\sin x$	(odd)	$\csc(-x) = -\csc x$	(odd)
$\cos(-x) = \cos x$	(even)	$\sec(-x) = \sec x$	(even)
$\tan(-x) = -\tan x$	(odd)	$\cot(-x) = -\cot x$	(odd)

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cofunction property

complement 90°

sin \longleftrightarrow cos

csc \longleftrightarrow sec

tan \longleftrightarrow cot

Cofunction

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cos x \quad \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sin x$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cot x \quad \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \tan x$$

$$\sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \csc x \quad \csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sec x$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = 90^\circ$$

$$\text{ex. } \sin 30^\circ = \cos(90^\circ - 30^\circ)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \cos 60^\circ$$

$$\text{ex. } \sec 42^\circ = \csc(90^\circ - 42^\circ) \\ = \csc 48^\circ$$

$$\text{ex. } \cot \frac{3\pi}{8} = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{3\pi}{8}\right) \\ = \tan\left(\frac{4\pi}{8} - \frac{3\pi}{8}\right) \\ = \tan \frac{\pi}{8}$$

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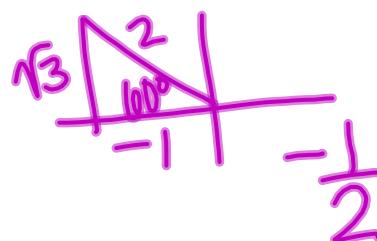
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sum & difference properties

$$\cos(A+B) \neq \cos A + \cos B$$

$$\cos 120^\circ$$

$$\cos 30^\circ + \cos 90^\circ$$



$$\neq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + 0$$

$$A = 30^\circ$$

$$B = 90^\circ$$

$$(x+4)^2 \neq x^2 + 4y$$



Composite Argument (Sum and Difference)

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A+B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A+B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A-B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A-B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

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SUM & difference properties

Composite Argument (Sum and Difference)

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

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ex. Simplify $\cos 34^\circ \cos 20^\circ + \sin 34^\circ \sin 20^\circ$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos(34 - 20) = \cos(14)^\circ$$

Prove:

$$\text{ex. } \cos(x - \pi) = -\cos x$$

(H.O.T.)

expand

$$\cos x \boxed{\cos \pi} + \sin x \boxed{\sin \pi}$$

$$\cos x (-1) + \sin x (0)$$

$$-\cos x \quad \text{:(:)$$

$$\text{ex. } \csc(\theta - 90^\circ) = -\sec \theta$$

(O.I.!)

$$\frac{1}{\sin(\theta - 90)}$$
~~$$\frac{\sin \theta \cos 90 - \cos \theta \sin 90}{-\cos \theta}$$~~

$$\frac{1}{-\cos \theta} = -\sec \theta \quad \text{(:)}$$