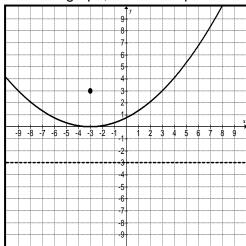
## Practice - Parabolas

Name \_\_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

1. Given the graph, write the equation of the parabola and find all the critical values.



Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Focus: \_\_\_\_\_

Directrix:

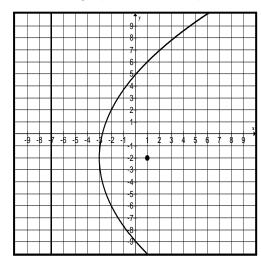
Axis of symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Equation: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain:

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Given the graph, write the equation of the parabola and find all the critical values.



Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Focus: \_\_\_\_\_

Directrix:

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Equation: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range:

Find the critical values for each parabola and then graph.

3. 
$$(y-1)^2 = 4(x+3)$$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Value of *c*: \_\_\_\_\_

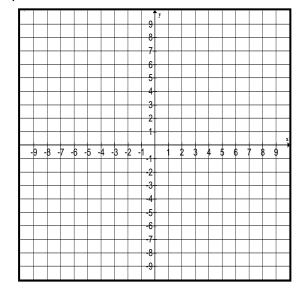
Focus: \_\_\_\_

Directrix:

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain:

Range: \_\_\_\_\_



## 4. $(x-3)^2 = 4(y+6)$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Value of *c*: \_\_\_\_\_

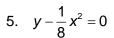
Focus: \_\_\_\_\_

Directrix:

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range: \_\_\_\_\_



Vertex:

Value of *c*: \_\_\_\_\_

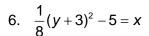
Focus: \_\_\_\_\_

Directrix:

Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range:



Vertex:

Value of *c*: \_\_\_\_\_

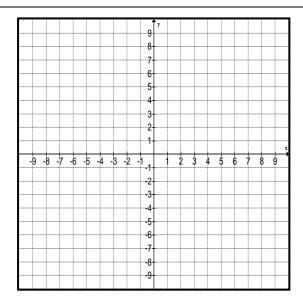
Focus:

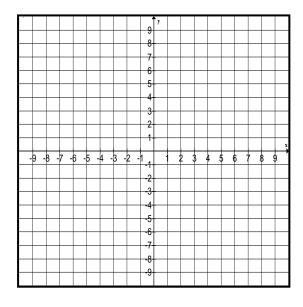
Directrix:

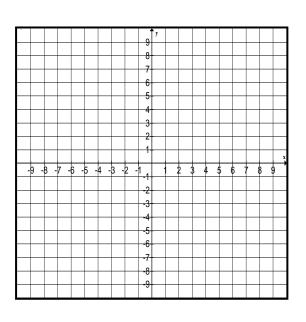
Axis of Symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Domain: \_\_\_\_\_

Range:







## PAP PreCal - Unit 5: Conics

- 7. The graph of  $x = y^2$  is stretched by a scale factor of 4, translated right 6 units and down 3 units. Write the equation to represent the image of the graph after the translation in standard form.
- 8. Given the equation  $(x-3)^2 = \frac{1}{8}(y-2)$ , write the equation if it is reflected over the *x*-axis and translated up 3 units and translated left 2 units.
- 9. Determine the following conic section line(s) of symmetry.  $(x-4) = (y+5)^2$ 
  - A x = 4 only
  - B y = -5 only
  - C x = 4, y = -5
  - D Infinite lines of symmetry
- 10. Parabolas have which of the following characteristics?
  - I. Exactly 1 line of symmetry
  - II. Exactly 2 lines of symmetry
  - III. Created by the intersection of a cone and plane parallel to its base.
  - IV. Created by the intersection of a cone and a plane perpendicular to its base.
  - A I and III
  - B II and III
  - C I and IV
  - D II and IV