

5.10 Solving Trig Equations (with factoring)

Name: _____

Solve each equation on the indicated domain, show all of your work!

1. $2\sin\theta\cos\theta = \sqrt{2}\cos\theta$

$\theta \in \{\text{real number degrees}\}$

$90 + 360n$

$270 + 360n$

$45 + 360n$

$135 + 360n$

7. $\tan^2 x - \sec x - 1 = 0 \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$

$-\pi, \frac{\pi}{3}, -\frac{\pi}{3}$

2. $\tan x \sec x = \tan x$

$x \in \{\text{real numbers}\}$

πn

8. $\tan^2 x + \tan x = 0 \quad x \in (-\pi, \pi)$

$0, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}$

3. $2\sin^2 x + \sin x = 0$

$x \in (-\pi, \pi)$

$0, -\frac{\pi}{6}, -\frac{5\pi}{6}$

9. $4\csc^2 x + 4\csc x + 1 = 0 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi]$

NO SOLUTION

4. $2\cos^2 x - 5\cos x + 2 = 0 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi]$

10. $3 - 3\sin x - 2\cos^2 x = 0 \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi]$

$\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

$\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2}$

5. $2\sec^2 x - 3\sec x - 2 = 0 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi)$

11. $\sin 2x + \sqrt{3}\sin x = 0 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi)$

$\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

$0, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \pi$

6. $\sin^2 x + 5\sin x + 6 = 0 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi)$

NO SOLUTION

★ 7. $4\sin^2 x + 7\sin x = 2 \quad x \in [0, 2\pi)$

$\sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{4}) = x$

would need a calculator