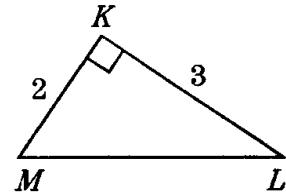


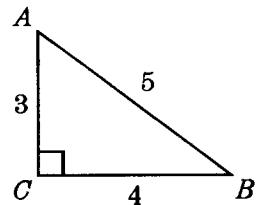
For problems 1-4, use the diagram of ΔKLM and find.

1. $\cos L$
2. $\sec L$
3. $\csc M$
4. $\cot M$



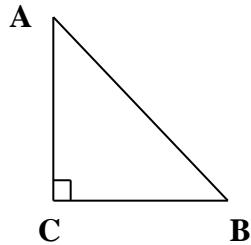
For problems 5-8, use the diagram of ΔABC to find the letter of the missing angle that Θ measures.

5. $\sin \Theta = 3/5$
6. $\csc \Theta = 5/4$
7. $\cot \Theta = 3/4$
8. $\sec \Theta = 3/5$



For problems 9-12, use the diagram of ΔABC to find each side length:

9. If $\tan B = 7/5$, find AB
10. If $\sin B = 3/4$, find BC
11. If $\csc B = 7/3$, find BC
12. If $\sec A = 6/5$, find BC



Answer the following questions.

13. If $\cos \Theta = 4/5$, what is $\tan \Theta$?
14. If $\tan \Theta = 3$, then what is $\sec \Theta$?
15. If $\csc \Theta = 7/3$, what is $\cot \Theta$?
16. If $\cot \Theta = 1/2$, what is $\sin \Theta$?

Use a calculator in degree mode to find the indicated function value correct to three decimal places:

17. $\sin 32^\circ$ 18. $\cos 184^\circ$ 19. $\cot 75^\circ$ 20. $\sec 253.2^\circ$

21. $\csc 8.7^\circ$ 22. $\tan 256^\circ$ 23. $\sec 172.1^\circ$ 24. $\cot 325^\circ$

Find the degree measure of the acute angle θ correct to three decimal places:

25. $\theta = \cos^{-1} .475$ 26. $\sin \theta = .873$ 27. $\theta = \cot^{-1} 1.756$

28. $\theta = \text{arcsec}(2.217)$ 29. $\csc \theta = 3.623$ 30. $\theta = \sec^{-1} 1.689$

31. $\cot \theta = .769$ 32. $\theta = \arctan(1.153)$ 33. $\theta = \csc^{-1} 2.441$