- 1. Write parametric equations that will give you the following:
 - a) A circle with radius of 20 and center at the origin.
 - b) A circle with radius of 20 and center that has been moved to the right 10.
 - c) A circle with radius of 20 and center that has been moved down 10.
 - d) A circle with radius of 20 and center that has been moved to the left 10 and down 5.
- 2. If you are going to graph one of these on your calculator, what should the t min and t max be? (In radians and degrees)
- 3. What does the t step do? How do does it affect your graph?
- 4. Graph each of the above. Make sure you see the complete circle. Be sure to check all your settings (t min, t max, t step, etc.)
- 5. Write an equation for the problem situation. An arrow is shot up (from the ground) with an initial velocity of 205 ft/sec at an angle of elevation of 48°. (Don't forget about gravity)

| | 6. Write an equation for the situation above but now the arrow is shot from 4 ft above the ground. |
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| | 7. Write an equation for the same arrow (still shot from 4 ft above the ground) but now there is a wind blowing against the arrow at 8 ft/sec. |
| | 8. What does the t represent in these equations? |
| | 9. Do you need to pay attention to the t setting when you graph these? Why? |
| | 10. Write an equation that would create a vertical line 12 units tall at $x = 400$. |
| | 11. Suzy hit a baseball with an initial height of 4 ft, initial velocity of 114 ft/sec at an angle of 39°.a) Write an equation to represent the problem. |
| | b) If she hit it to straight away center field, would it make it over the wall if it is 400 ft from home plate and 12 ft tall? |
| | c) If there was a breeze blowing directly with the path of the ball at 7 ft/sec. Would it clear the wall then? |
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