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# FORMS OF LINEAR EQUATIONS

## Algebra I Unit 3

### Slope - Intercept Form

$$y = mx + b$$

$m = \text{slope}$   
(move & make point)  
 $b = y\text{-intercept}$   
(where you begin)

\* can  
plug into  
calculator!

### Point - Slope Form

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

point on line  
( $x_1, y_1$ )  
 $m = \text{slope}$

METHOD 1  $y = mx + b$   
solve for  $y$  to convert  
to slope-intercept  
METHOD 2  
①  $x\text{-int } (x_0, 0)$  ②  $y\text{-int } (0, y_0)$   
cover up  $y$  cover up  $x$

### Standard Form

$$Ax + By = C$$

A, B, C are whole #s

INEQUALITIES

	UP	DOWN
dotted	>	<
solid	$\geq$	$\leq$



10/6/15

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## Direct variation

Essential Question:

How do I write the equation of two variables that vary directly?

Direct Variation - proportional relationship where  $y = kx$

Constant of Proportionality - nonzero constant (number)

$$k = \frac{y}{x}$$

BASICALLY, Direct Variation is an equation in slope-intercept form ( $y = mx + b$ ) where  $m = k$  and  $b = 0$   
goes thru origin!

Identify if each of the following is an example of direct variation. If so, identify the constant of variation.

1.  $y = 4x$

YES.  
 $k = 4$

2.  $2x + y = 10$

-2x -2x  
 $y = -2x + 10$   
NO,  $b \neq 0$

3.  $-3x + 5y = 0$

+3x +3x  
 $y = \frac{3}{5}x$   
Yes,  $k = \frac{3}{5}$

4.  $y$  varies directly with  $x$ , and  $y$  is 84 when  $x$  is 16.

A. What is the constant of variation?

$k = 5.25$

B. Write a direct variation equation to represent this situation.

$y = 5.25x$

5. The amount of chlorine,  $c$ , needed for a swimming pool varies directly with the amount of water,  $w$ , needed to fill the pool. If 16 units of chlorine are needed for every 1250 gallons of water, write an equation that represents this situation.

$y = kx$        $c = 16$        $w = 1250$

$c = kw$

$c = 0.0128w$

$\frac{16}{1250} = k \cdot \frac{1250}{1250}$   
 $0.0128 = k$

6. If  $y$  is directly proportional to  $x$  and  $y = 8$  when  $x = 10$ , what is the value of  $y$  when  $x = 5$ ?

$y = 4$

	W	0	N
X	10	5	
	8	4	

$10y = 40$   
 $y = 4$

## SLOPE-INTERCEPT FORM INEQUALITIES

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Initial Question: How do I graph an inequality in 2 variables?

- Solution Set:  
 • any point that makes the inequality true  
 • lies in shaded region - NOT on dotted line!

Identify three solutions to the linear inequality.

$$y > x - 3$$

x	y
0	3
2	4
8	7

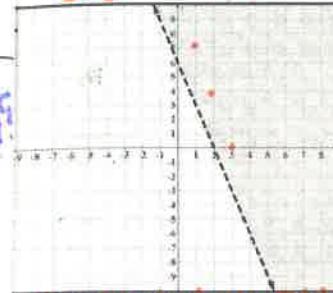
etc

B. You are buying paperback and ebooks from Books-A-Trillion. Paperback books are \$4.50 each and ebooks are \$2.50 each. You can spend at most \$20. What are the possible combinations of paperback and ebooks you can buy?

x	y
0	0
1	1
2	2

etc

Lots of possible answers



In shaded area!!

x	y
3	0
2	4
1	7

etc

	Shade Up	Shade Down
Dotted	>	<
Solid	$\geq$	$\leq$

	Shade Up	Shade Down
Dotted	>	<
Solid	$\geq$	$\leq$

o Graph or Write Linear Inequalities

Solve for y

Name m (slope) and b (y-intercept)

Plot b and use m to make more points

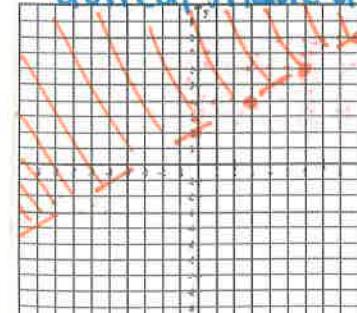
Decide: dotted or solid? Shade up or down?

$m = \frac{2}{3}$  up 2 right 3       $b = 2$

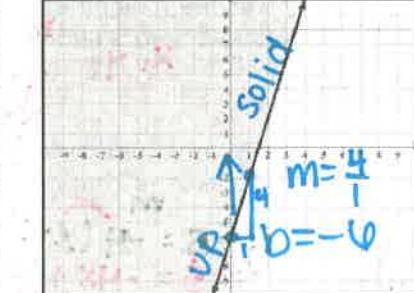
Graph  $y > \frac{2}{3}x + 2$  below.

dotted, shade up

3. Write the linear inequality that represents the graph



$$y \geq 4x - 6$$



$m = \frac{4}{1}$   
 $b = -6$

\*See Kahoot for extra practice!\*

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# POINT-SLOPE FORM

Essential Question: How do I write the equation of a line given a point (not y-int) and a slope?

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$  slope

Point  $(x_1, y_1)$

"If I see a number,  
I put a number in  
its place"

Use this equation when  
they give you a slope and  
a point that's NOT the y-intercept.

1. Write an equation that represents a line having a slope of 2 that passes through the point  $(7, 2)$ . Write your equation in point-slope form.

LABEL!  $y - 2 = 2(x - 7)$

- 2A. Use the point-slope equation from #1. Solve for y.

$$y - 2 = 2(x - 7)$$

$$y - 2 = 2x - 14$$

$$\underline{+2} \quad \underline{+2}$$

$$y = 2x - 12$$

slope intercept form!  
 $y = mx + b$

- 2B. What is the relationship between point-slope form of an equation and slope-intercept form?

Both have  $x_1, y_1$  and the slope.

Plug in what  
you know!!

$$y = mx + b$$

SOLVE  
 $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$   
for y

3. Write an equation in point-slope form of a line having a slope of  $\frac{3}{2}$  that passes through the point  $(-4, 1)$ .

$$x_1, y_1 \quad y - 1 = \frac{3}{2}(x + 4)$$

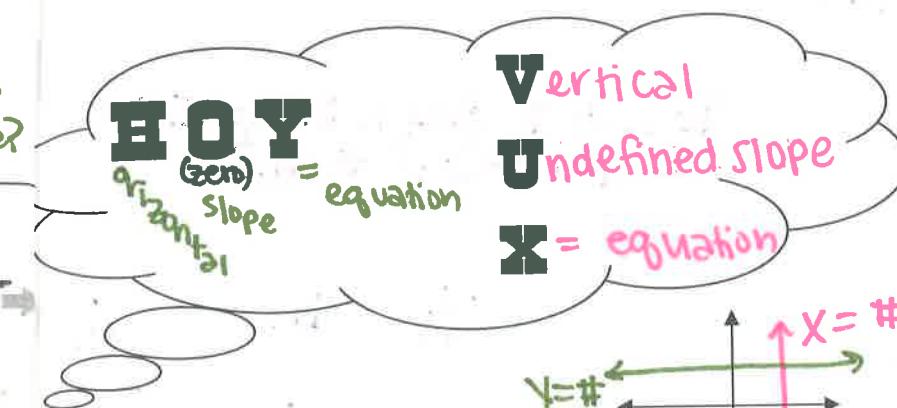
4. Write an equation in slope-intercept form having a slope of  $-4$  that passes through the point  $(1, 5)$ .

$$y - 5 = -4(x - 1)$$

$$y - 5 = -4x + 4$$

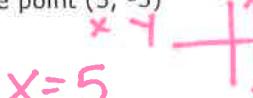
$$\underline{+5} \quad \underline{+5}$$

$$y = -4x + 9$$



How do I write equations of horizontal or vertical lines?

5. Write an equation of a line having an undefined slope that passes through the point  $(5, -3)$ .

VUX  $x = 5$  

vertical  $x = 5$

6. Write an equation of a line having a slope of 0 that passes through the point  $(-3, 4)$ .

HOY  $y = 4$  

HINT: "b" means  
y-intercept

7. Write an equation in slope-intercept form that represents a line with a slope of 2 and an x-intercept of 5.

$$y - 0 = 2(x - 5)$$

$$y = 2x - 10$$

$(5, 0)$   
 $x_1, y_1$

8. A repairperson charges \$25.00 per hour plus an initial service-call charge. The bill for 3 hours was \$105.00.

A. In the problem, what is the slope?  $m = 25$

B. What information would be a point on the equation of this situation?

$$(3, 105)$$

C. What does this point represent? at 3 hours, it costs \$105

D. Write an equation in point-slope form that represents this situation where  $h$  is the number of hours and  $c$  is the total charges.

$$y = C - 105 = 25(h - 3)$$

E. What was the initial service-call charge?

solve for  $C$    
 $\$30$

F. What will be the bill for 7 hours?

$$C = 25(7) + 30 \quad \$205$$

$$\begin{array}{r} C - 105 = 25h - 75 \\ +105 \quad +105 \\ \hline C = 25h + 30 \end{array}$$

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# POINT-SLOPE FOR INEQUALITIES

Essential Question: How do I graph inequalities given in point-slope form?

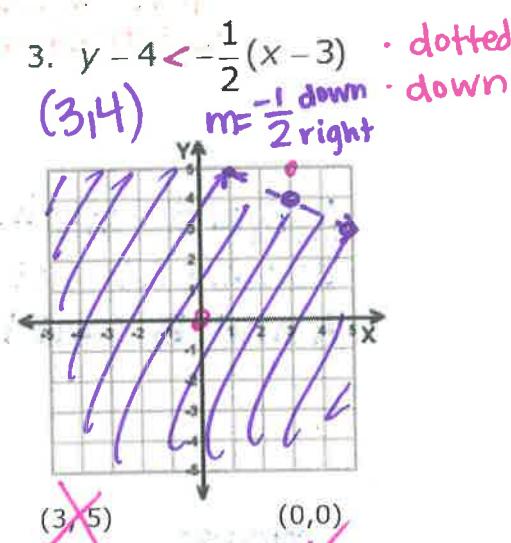
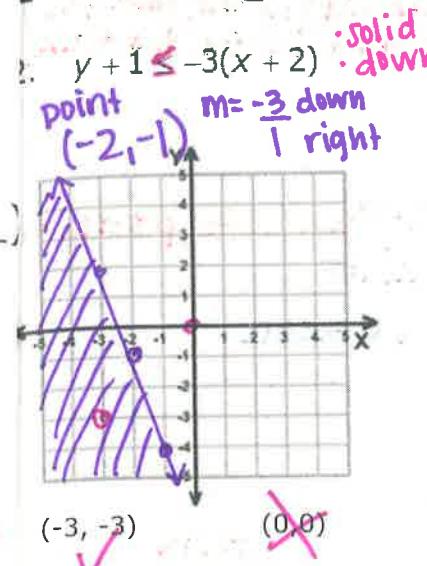


$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

	Shade Up	Shade Down
Dotted	$>$	$<$
Solid	$\geq$	$\leq$

Slope is m

Point is  $(x_1, y_1)$

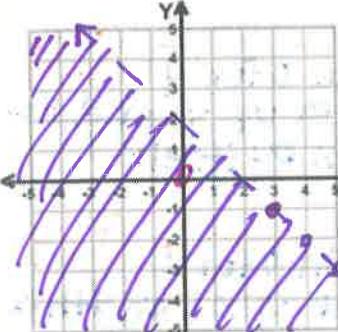


To graph the boundary line for a point slope equation:

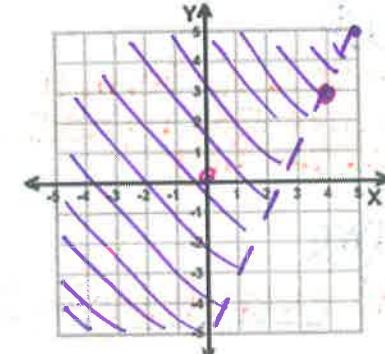
1. Start at the point  $(x_1, y_1)$
2. Using the slope, count the rise and run, plot the next point. **move & make new points!**
3. Determine whether to draw a dashed or solid line.
4. If y is on the LEFT, use the shading chart! Or you can test points.

up down

4.  $y + 1 < -1(x - 3)$



5.  $y - 3 > 2(x - 4)$



Graph each inequality. Determine which point is a solution to the inequality.

1.  $y - 1 \geq 2(x - 4)$

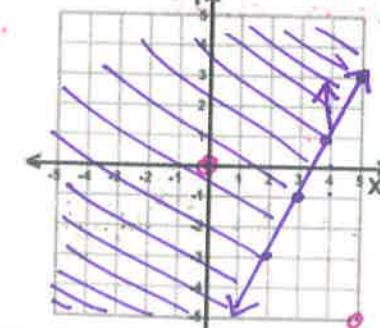
point:  $(4, 1)$

$m = \frac{2}{1}$  up 2  
1 right

$(5, -5)$

$(0, 0)$

• solid  
• up



extend the lines far as you can!

point  $(3, -1)$   $m = -\frac{1}{1}$  down right  
• dotted  
• down

point  $(4, 3)$   $m = \frac{2}{1}$  up right  
• dotted  
• up

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# Standard Form Equations

Essential Question: How can I find the slope, x-int, and y-int and graph an equation in standard form?

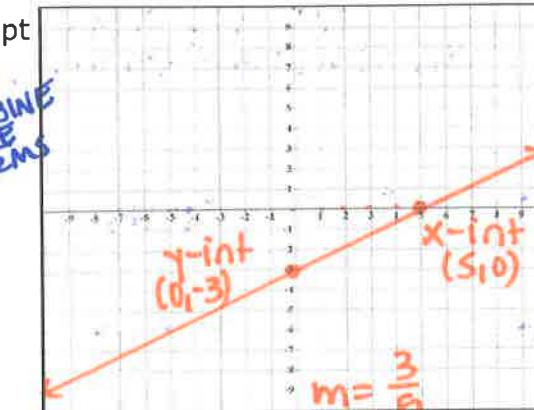
$$Ax + By = C$$

1. A, B, and C are integers (whole #'s, pos or neg)
2. Usually A is not negative
3. A and B can't both be zero.

## METHOD 1

Convert to slope-intercept form and graph.

$$\begin{aligned} ① \quad & 3x - 5y = 15 \\ & \cancel{-3x} \quad \cancel{-3x} \\ & -5y = -3x + 15 \\ & \frac{-5}{-5} \quad \frac{-5}{-5} \quad \frac{-5}{-5} \\ & y = \frac{3}{5}x - 3 \\ ③ \quad & m = \frac{3}{5} \text{ up right} \\ & b = -3 \end{aligned}$$



## METHOD 1 CONVERT

SOLVE FOR Y  
 $y = mx + b$

### STEP ONE

MOVE YOUR Ax TERM TO THE OTHER SIDE BY ADDING OR SUBTRACTING

### STEP TWO

Divide everything by B

### STEP THREE

Graph the y-intercept on the y-axis and use the slope (m) to make another point.

## METHOD 2 COVER

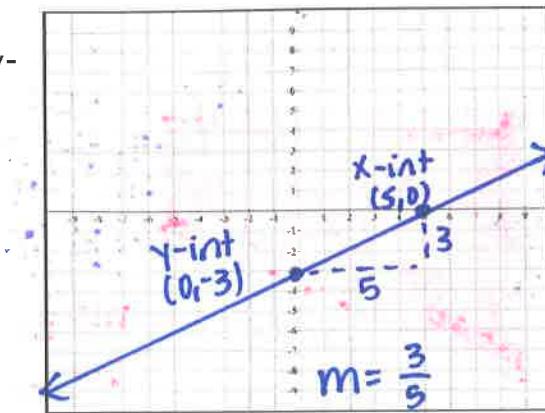
### COVER UP method

① To find the x-intercept plug in 0 for y (cover up y) and then get x by itself

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 5y &= 15 \\ ① \quad x\text{-int: } 3x &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$(5, 0) \quad \begin{aligned} \frac{3x}{3} &= \frac{15}{3} \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ② \quad y\text{-int: } -5y &= 15 \\ (0, -3) \quad \frac{-5y}{-5} &= \frac{15}{-5} \\ y &= -3 \end{aligned}$$



### STAAR question!

4. What is the equation in standard form of the line that passes through the point (4, -8) and has a slope of  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?

$$\begin{aligned} & x - 4y = 36 \\ & 4 - 4(-8) = 36 \end{aligned}$$

A  $x - 4y = 36$

B  $x - 4y = 28$

C  $x - 4y = -36$

D  $x - 4y = -28$

\*\*Plug in points!!\*\*

X Y

POINT has x & y,  
so does your  
equation!

We could solve all of them for y ... but notice how only the right side is different!

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## Standard Form Inequalities

Essential Question: How do I graph an inequality in standard form?

### To Graph Linear Inequalities

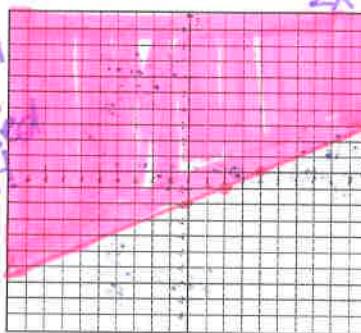
- Solve your inequality for  $y$ . Be careful if you divide by a negative! **FLIP!**
- Name your slope ( $m$ ) and  $y$ -intercept ( $b$ ).
- Plot your  $y$ -intercept (where you begin) and use your slope to make more points.
- Decide if your line is dotted or solid.
- Connect the dots & shade!

	Shade Up	Shade Down
Dotted	$>$	$<$
Solid	$\geq$	$\leq$

1. Graph the inequality  $2x - 4y \leq 8$

**SOLVE FOR  $y$**

$$\begin{aligned} -4y &\leq -2x + 8 \\ \frac{-4y}{-4} &\leq \frac{-2x + 8}{-4} \quad \text{FLIP all the signs!} \\ y &\geq \frac{1}{2}x - 2 \\ m &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{up, solid} \\ b &= -2 \end{aligned}$$



*solution set is in shaded part*

2. Graph the inequality  $8x + 4y > 12$

$$\begin{aligned} 4y &> -8x + 12 \\ \frac{4y}{4} &> \frac{-8x + 12}{4} \\ y &> -2x + 3 \\ m &= -2 \quad \text{dotted, up} \\ b &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

*solutions are not on dotted line!*



Blanca has \$40 to spend on refreshments for herself and her friends at the movie theater. The equation  $5x + 2y < 40$  describes the number of large popcorns,  $x$ , and small drinks,  $y$ , she can buy. Use this information to answer the following questions.

3. What is the slope of the equation used to model this situation?

**SOLVE FOR  $y$ !**

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 2y &< 40 \\ -5x &\quad -5x \\ 2y &< -5x + 40 \\ \frac{2y}{2} &< \frac{-5x + 40}{2} \\ y &< -\frac{5}{2}x + 20 \\ m &= -\frac{5}{2} \end{aligned}$$

6. What does the point  $(2, 6)$  mean in this situation? Does this point represent a solution to Blanca's situation? Explain your reasoning.

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 2 \text{ popcorn} \\ y &= 6 \text{ drinks} \\ 5(2) + 2(6) &< 40? \\ 22 &< 40 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

**xy**

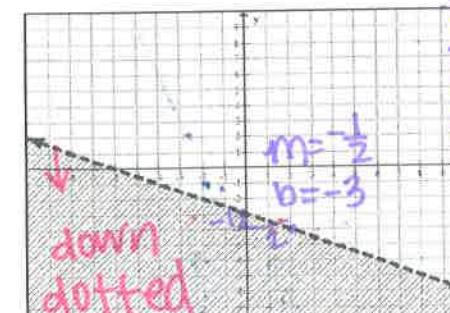
yes, less than 40

7. What does the point  $(6, 5)$  mean in this situation? Does this point represent a solution to Blanca's situation? Explain your reasoning.

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 6 \text{ popcorn} \\ y &= 5 \text{ drinks} \\ 5(6) + 2(5) &< 40? \\ 40 &< 40 \quad \times \end{aligned}$$

**NO,**

8. Which equation can be represented by the graph shown below?



*<*

- A  $-5x + 10y + 30 > 0$   
B  $5x - 10y + 30 > 0$   
C  $-5x - 10y - 30 > 0$   
D  $5x + 10y - 30 > 0$

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## 13 STRATEGIES FOR GRAPHING EQUATIONS

Essential Question: HOW do I graph an equation in any form?

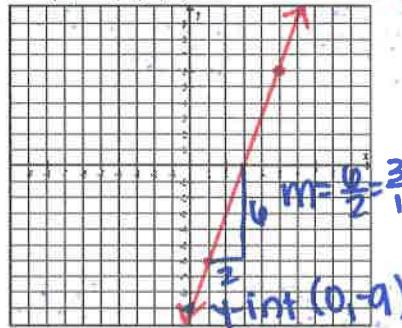
Lines formulas

- You need at least 2 points to make a line!
- Slope =  $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = m$
- You begin at the y-intercept (b) (y-axis)
- To find x-intercepts, cover up y
- To find y-intercepts, cover up x

Given the following information, graph each equation and write the equation in slope-intercept form.

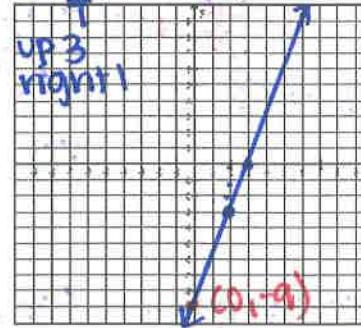
$$x_1 y_1 \quad x_2 y_2 \quad m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{12 - 4}{5 - 1} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

1.  $(1, -6) (5, 6)$



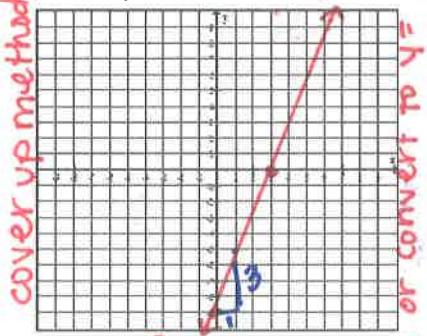
Slope-intercept form:  $y = 3x - 9$

2.  $m = 3$ ; passes through the point  $(2, -3)$



Slope-intercept form:  $y = 3x - 9$

3.  $3x - y = 9$



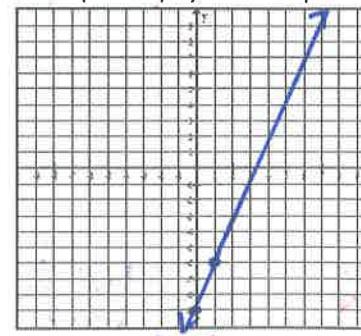
x-int:  $(3, 0)$    y-int:  $(0, -9)$

$$\frac{3x}{3} - \frac{y}{3} = \frac{9}{3}$$

$$x = 3$$

Slope-intercept form:  $y = 3x - 9$

4. Slope: 3; y-intercept: -9



$$y = 3x - 9$$

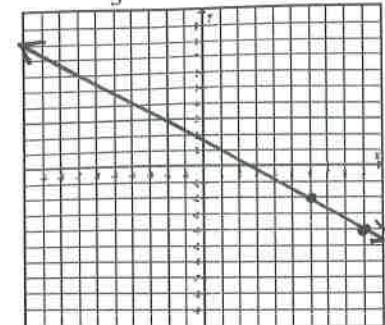
$$m$$

$$b$$

You can always solve an equation for  $y$  and check in your calculator!

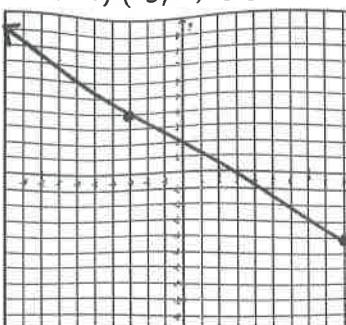
see #2

6.  $m = -\frac{2}{3}$ ; passes through the point  $(6, -2)$



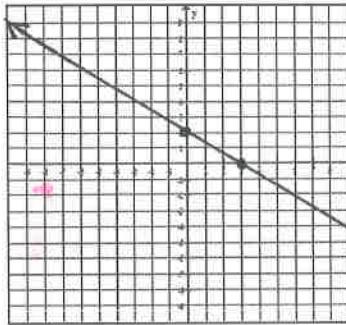
Slope-intercept form:  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$

5.  $(9, -4) (-3, 4)$  see #1



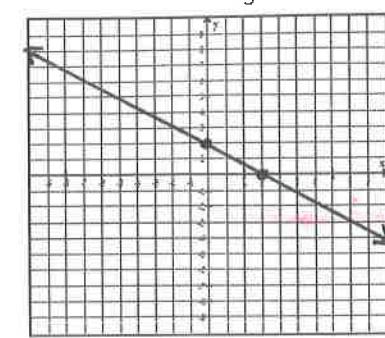
Slope-intercept form:  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$

7.  $2x + 3y = 6$  see #3



x-int:  $(3, 0)$    y-int:  $(0, 2)$

8. Rate of change:  $-\frac{2}{3}$ ; y-intercept: 2 see #8



$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$

summary...

If they give me 2 points....

- use slope formula or count rise/run
- plot more points (or connect with a straight line) to find y-intercept.

If they give me a point and a slope.

- use point-slope form  $(y - y_1 = m(x - x_1))$  & solve for  $y$
- plot point & use  $m$  to find  $y$  intercept

If they give me an equation....

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$  ← plot point, use  $m$   
 which form  
 do I have?  
 $y = mx + b$  ← name  $m$  &  $b$   
 $Ax + By = C$  ← cover up method or convert to  $y = mx + b$

# STAAR ALGEBRA I REFERENCE MATERIALS



## FACTORING

Perfect square trinomials

$$a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = (a + b)^2$$
$$a^2 - 2ab + b^2 = (a - b)^2$$

Difference of squares

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$$

## PROPERTIES OF EXPONENTS

Product of powers

$$a^m a^n = a^{(m+n)}$$

Quotient of powers

$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{(m-n)}$$

Power of a power

$$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

Rational exponent

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$$

Negative exponent

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$$

## LINEAR EQUATIONS

Standard form

$$Ax + By = C$$

Slope-intercept form

$$y = mx + b$$

Point-slope form

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Slope of a line

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

## QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

Standard form

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Vertex form

$$f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

Quadratic formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Axis of symmetry

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a}$$