

Unit 8 Polynomials Review

① $(3x^2 - 2x + 9) - (-6x^2 + 5x - 8)$ distribute the negative!

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{3x^2 - 2x + 9} + \underline{6x^2 - 5x + 8} \\ & \boxed{9x^2 - 7x + 17} \end{aligned}$$

② $(x+2)(x^2 - 3x - 4)$

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x} + \underline{2x^2 - 6x - 8} \\ & \boxed{x^3 - x^2 - 10x - 8} \end{aligned}$$

③ $(x+6)^2 + (x-6)^2$

$$(x+6)(x+6) + (x-6)(x-6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^2 + 6x + 6x + 36) + (x^2 - 6x - 6x + 36) \\ & \underline{x^2 + 12x + 36} + \underline{x^2 - 12x + 36} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{2x^2 + 72}$$

④ $-5a^4(a^2 - 3a + 1)$

$$\boxed{-5a^6 + 15a^5 - 5a^4}$$

⑤ $(x+6)^2 - (x-6)^2$

$$(x+6)(x+6) - (x-6)(x-6)$$

$$(x^2 + 6x + 6x + 36) - (x^2 - 6x - 6x + 36)$$

$$x^2 + 12x + 36 - x^2 + 12x - 36 = \boxed{24x}$$

⑥ $(x-1)(x^2 + x + 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} & x^3 + x^2 + x - x^2 - x - 1 \\ & \boxed{x^3 - 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 27x^3 - 8y^6$$

difference of cubes \rightarrow SOAP

$$a = 3x \quad b = 2y^2$$

$$(3x - 2y^2)((3x)^2 + (3x)(2y^2) + (2y^2)^2)$$

$$\boxed{(3x - 2y^2)(9x^2 + 6xy^2 + 4y^4)}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad 4m^2 + 11m - 20$$

$$\cancel{16} \cancel{-80} \quad (4m^2 + 16m)(-5m - 20)$$

$$4m(m+4) - 5(m+4)$$

$$\boxed{(m+4)(4m-5)}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad a^4 - a^2k - 56k^2$$

$$\cancel{-8} \cancel{-1} \quad (a^4 - 8a^2k) + 7a^2k - 56k^2$$

$$a^2(a^2 - 8k) + 7k(a^2 - 8k)$$

$$\boxed{(a^2 - 8k)(a^2 + 7k)}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad (4x^3 + 6x^2)(-10x - 15)$$

$$2x^2(2x+3) - 5(2x+3)$$

$$\boxed{(2x+3)(2x^2 - 5)}$$

(11) A. $x^2 + x + 1 \overline{)x^4 - 2x^3 + 0x^2 - 2x + 7}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 3x + 2 \\ -x^4 + x^3 + x^2 \\ \hline -3x^3 - x^2 - 2x \\ +3x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x \\ \hline 2x^2 + x + 7 \\ -2x^2 + 2x + 2 \\ \hline -x + 5 \end{array}$$

Quotient: $x^2 - 3x + 2$
Remainder: $-x + 5$

B. $x^2 + 0x + 1 \overline{)2x^4 + x^3 + 0x^2 - 3x + 10}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 + x - 2 \\ -2x^4 + 0x^3 + 2x^2 \\ \hline x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x \\ -x^3 + 0x^2 + x \\ \hline -2x^2 - 4x + 10 \\ +2x^2 + 0x^2 + 2 \\ \hline -4x + 12 \end{array}$$

Quotient: $2x^2 + x - 2$
Remainder: $-4x + 12$

(12) A. $(3x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x - 6) \div (x+3)$
First degree binomial
synthetic ☺

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 | 3 & -5 & 2 & -6 \\ & \downarrow & -9 & 42 & -132 \\ & 3 & -14 & 44 & \boxed{138} \end{array}$$

Remainder: -138

B. $(x^3 + 6x - 2) \div (x-1)$
missing x^2 synthetic!

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 | 1 & 0 & 6 & -2 \\ & \downarrow & 1 & 1 & 7 \\ & 1 & 1 & 7 & \boxed{5} \end{array}$$

Remainder: 5

(13) Equation w/ degree 3 whose zeros are 4 and -2
one factor is multiplicity 2

$$\begin{array}{l} x=4 \\ -4 -4 \\ (x-4)=0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x=-2 \\ +2 +2 \\ (x+2)=0 \end{array}$$

factors

$$\begin{array}{|l} y = (x-4)(x+2)^2 \\ \text{OR} \\ y = (x-4)^2(x+2) \end{array}$$

(14) degree • factored \rightarrow add exp. • FOIL'ed \rightarrow biggest exp.

FOIL'ed

A. $y = -3x^7 + x^5 - 3x^2 + 2$

7

(15) A. $P(x) = x^5 - 9x^3$
 $x^3(x^2 - 9)$
 $x^3(x-3)(x+3)$

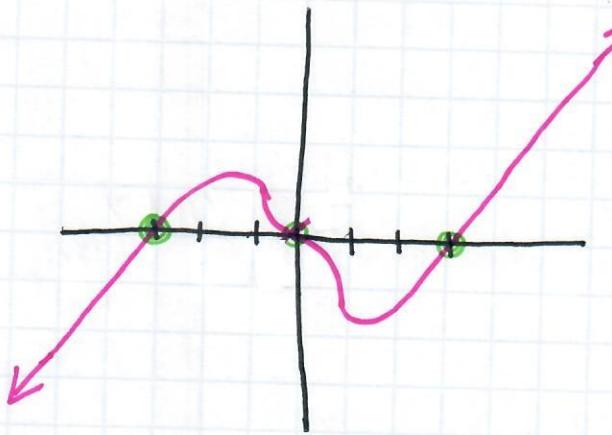
zeros:	0	3	-3
multiplicity:	3	1	1
	wiggle	cross	cross

odd
+L.C. \swarrow \nearrow y-int
(0,0)

B. $y = 2x(x-4)^2(x+2)^3(x-3)^0$

factored
1 + 2 + 3 + 4 =

10



B. $P(x) = -2(x-1)(x-2)^2(x+1)^3$

factored ☺

zeros:	1	2	-1
multiplicity:	1	2	3
	cross	touch	wiggle

$-2(0-1)(0-2)^2(0+1)^3$

degree: 6 even
-L.C. \swarrow \downarrow y-int
(0, 8)



(16) A. $Q(x) = -x^2(x^2 - 4)$

degree: 4 even
-L.C. \swarrow \downarrow

AS $x \rightarrow -\infty$

AS $x \rightarrow \infty$

$y \rightarrow -\infty$

B. $S(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^6 - 2x^4$

degree: 6 even
+L.C. \uparrow \uparrow

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \infty$

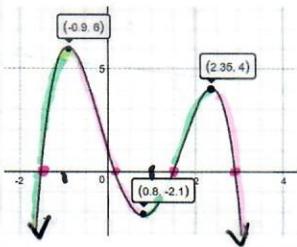
C. $P(x) = x^4 - 3x^2 - 4$

degree: 4 even
+L.C. \uparrow \uparrow

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \infty$

17



A. AS $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow -\infty$
 AS $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow -\infty$

B. zeros: $-1.5, 0.1, 1.5, 2.9$
 (approximate)

C. local min: $-2.1 @ x = 0.8$

local max: $6 @ x = -0.9$
 $4 @ x = 2.35$

D. increasing: $(-\infty, -0.9) \cup (0.8, 2.35)$

E. decreasing: $(-0.9, 0.8) \cup (2.35, \infty)$

18

A. $f(x) = x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 2$

extrema \rightarrow min: $-2.915 @ x = -0.650$
 $-27.139 @ x = 2.761$

max: $-1.927 @ x = 0.139$

B. $f(x) = -x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 3$

min $\rightarrow -3.879 @ x = -2.535$

max $\rightarrow 3.065 @ x = -0.131$

increasing: $(-\infty, -0.650) \cup (0.139, 2.761)$

decreasing: $(-0.650, 0.139) \cup (2.761, \infty)$

increasing: $(-2.535, -0.131)$

decreasing: $(-\infty, -2.535) \cup (-0.131, \infty)$

*need to zoom out on graph

